

Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

6261 1900

—SPECIAL—
Bargain Catalogue
—OF—
FRESH AND RELIABLE
GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS.



OUR MOTTO:

THE BEST AND MOST SEEDS
WITH THE HIGHEST
GERMINATING POWER FOR
THE LEAST MONEY.



BURT BROS.,

DALTON, N. Y.

Should you have no use for the Catalogue, please hand to some one who plants Seed.

W. B. Sanders, Printer, Nunda, N. Y.

 ** To Our Customers **
 ** And Friends. **

WE HEARTILY THANK YOU for the support given us in the past, and hope to gain a continuance of the same.

We take pleasure in handing you this Catalogue, which we hope will be of interest to you. You will please note, that it does not contain any over-drawn descriptions or trashy cuts, but a condensed list of the standard varieties. We have not spent a large sum to give you a fancy Lithographed Catalogue which amounts to 0, but a small, plain Catalogue, and have taken the extra cost and put it into large, well-filled packages of the best Seed that can be produced. Please consider this saving.

We ask you to compare our prices with those of other reliable Seedsmen and note your saving, if you give us a share of your orders.

Please do not compare our seed with ("Cheap Seeds") because the price is cheap, as we guarantee the seeds to be the best that money can buy or produce, our packages are just like those you buy at the stores, they have a colored cut and full culture directions.

We ask you to examine this list and at least give us a trial order.

Again thanking you for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, we are yours for success and remain,

At Your Command,

BURT BROS.

REASONS OF BUYING OF US.

WE SELL you any package of Seed in this catalogue for 1c postpaid.

WE GUARANTEE every package to be well filled with strictly fresh Seed.

WE GUARANTEE every package of Seeds to grow if given proper care. Should they fail, we will gladly replace the Seed free of charge.

WE GUARANTEE everything but the crop; protected from loss by the most liberal of all guarantees, everyone can rest assured of the most entire satisfaction.

WE PAY postage on all Seed by the pkt., oz. and lb. at prices given.

DIRECTIONS FOR ORDERING.

BE SURE to give your address in full on every order.

PLEASE USE order blanks when you have them.

MAKE OUT all orders payable to "BURT BROS., DALTON, N. Y."

SEND ALL moneys, over 10c, by Money Order, Express Order, Draft or Registered Letter, under 10c send Stamps.

(The reason we ask you to not send Stamps for amount over 10c, is because our prices are so cheap that we get more Stamps than we know what to do with, and have to sell at a discount. Therefore, we ask you not to send Stamps for amounts over 10c, unless you cannot avoid it.)

ANY OF OUR CUSTOMERS desiring anything in bulk, we will be pleased to quote you prices at any time. **WRITE US YOUR WANTS.**

ASPARAGUS.

1 oz. of Seed sows 60 feet of Drill.

COLUMBIAN MAMMOTH WHITE.—This new Asparagus is a sport from Conover's Colossal, and is one of those RARE INSTANCES where the new variety comes uniformly true to its distinctive type. Its principal departure from the old varieties lies in the fact that the shoots are PURE WHITE, and they remain so as long as fit for use. *It is among Asparagus what the self-blanching varieties are among celery.* Extremely robust and vigorous habit, excelling any other sort in the size of its shoots, Pkt. 1c.

BEETS.

1 oz. will sow 60 feet of row; 10 lbs. per acre in rows 18 inches apart.

EXTRA EARLY ECLIPSE, 40 DAYS.—This variety is to a great extent superseding the Egyptian. The bulbs are perfect globes, blood colored, and develop with astonishing rapidity. The foliage is longer and more vigorous than that of the Egyptian. Pkt 1c; oz. 5c; lb. 40c.

EARLY BLOOD-RED TURNIP.—Root broad and flat like a turnip, early in maturity and of unexcelled quality. It is the best turnip-shaped Beet for family use, all things considered, and we recommend it all gardeners. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c; lb. 40c.

LONG BLOOD RED (very rich.) Resist drought better than any other varieties of Beets; color deep red, flesh very sweet. Grows entirely under ground. Ten to twelve tons can be grown to the acre. Valuable for cattle. Keeps well during winter. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c; lb. 40c.

SWISS CHARD OR SILVER BEET.—Greens for boiling are always acceptable. Spinach cannot always be had, and often is tough and stringy. The Silver Beet, on the other hand, is in season from early spring till autumn frost, and is infinitely superior as a table vegetable to spinach, turnip-tops, or other greens. Its culture is precisely the same as for the ordinary table Beet. The midrib of the leaf may alone be used, or, when very young, the entire leaf. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c; lb. 40c.

NEW GOLDEN TANKARD.—When cows are fed on this variety they give richer milk in greater quantities than when fed on any other food. Sheep and all other stock thrive wonderfully on it. It is early, hardy and a good cropper, for on account of its shape roots can be left standing close in rows. Do not omit this variety when ordering. Oz. 5c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 10c; lb. 35c.

LIMA BEANS.

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA.—Smaller, but two weeks earlier than Burpee's, and won-

derfully productive. When sown at the same time they give a supply of Beans from the earliest possible date until frost. These small Beans are of the finest quality. Qt. 40c; pt. 22c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 12c; pkt. 5c.

BURPEE'S BUSH LIMA BEANS.—The Bush Limas are fast replacing the tall or pole varieties. The Beans are just as good and are very much easier to raise. Burpee's Bush Lima grows only 18 inches high, and is no more trouble to raise than dwarf wax beans. The pods and beans are nearly if not quite as large as the pole varieties and of equally good quality, and about a week earlier. Bears until frost. Everyone should plant at least a pint, and a quart would be much better. Qt. 40c; pt. 22c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 13c; pkt. 10c.

BLACK WAX.—The old "Butter Bean;" quality the very best. Qt. 40c; pt. 22c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 12c; pkt. 5c.

WARDWELL'S KIDNEY WAX BEANS.—This is one of the very best Wax Beans. The pods are long, straight and handsome, and bright yellow from the very beginning. The vines are very vigorous and productive, and free from rust. Earlier than Golden Wax or Black Wax and most other varieties. We highly recommend this Bean for either family use or market. Qt. 40c; pt. 22c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. 12c; pkt. 5c.

CABBAGE.

One ounce of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

LARGE LATE FLAT DUTCH.—We recommend this variety both for family use and market gardeners' profit, as it is a good keeper and excellent shipper. It quality can be relied upon as producing on rich soil immense flat heads, perfectly solid and of superior texture. This variety has a short stem, is free from loose leaves, and may be described as "long standing," that is to say, not inclined to burst, as is the habit with many large Cabbage when fully develope. Pkt 1c; oz. 10c.

SURE HEAD.—Takes its name from its quality of always heading up, even under unfavorable conditions. In all cases gives great satisfaction for general crop. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

IMP. EARLY WINNIGSTANDT.—One of the best Extra Earlies, being a sure header and will grow a head under circumstances where many others would fail. The heads are so solid that cabbage worms can not penetrate them. Valuable for summer, fall and winter. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

SELECTED EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD.—A favorable sort. Heads very compact, solid, conical shape. Few outside leaves. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

CAULIFLOWER.

One Ounce will produce about 2,000 Plants—One-half Ounce of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

SELECT EARLY DWARF ERFURT.—For some years past one of the standards. Of highest excellence, and for field culture not much surpassed by any type of newer name. Some so-called new varieties appear to be identical with Select Erfurt. Pkt. 1c; oz. \$2.00.

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT.—A distinct and valuable late variety. The heads are very large extremely white, firm and compact, and being well protected by foliage, remain a long time fit for use. The plants should be started and transplanted early in the season, to insure their full development. Pkt. 1c; oz. 30c

CELERY.

One Ounce for 3,000 Plants—Three Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

GIANT PASCAL.—A mammoth, silver-white stalked variety of French origin, rapidly growing in favor because of its weighty productiveness and consequent profitability. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

WHITE PLUME.—Self-blanching to a great extent. Consequently among the earliest ready for table. Desirable as an early sort. Pkt. 1c; oz. 15c.

NEW GOLDEN SELF-BLANDHING—Gilt Edge Stran.—This variety cannot be too highly recommended. The roots are perfectly solid, crisp, and of excellent flavor, the heart is large and solid and a rich golden yellow color. It has been the leading variety and we offer a very fine strain. Pkt. 1c; oz. 20c.

CORN.

One Quart of Seed to 100 Yards of Row—Eight Quarts to the Acre.

EXTRA EARLY MINNESOTA SUGAR.—Among the Extra Early Sugar Corns coming into condition two or three days subsequent to the Narragansett. Ears well made out. Pkt. 5c; per qt. 15c; per bu. \$2.50.

EVERGREEN SUGAR (STOWELL'S)—A favorite variety among the late Sugar Corns. Matures for table about eighty days from germination. Pkt. 5c; per qt. 15c; per bu. \$2.50.

CUCUMBER.

One Ounce of Seed will Plant about 80 Hills or Sow 50 Feet of Row.

(Seed is sown in this latitude in first part of May for slicing, and the latter part of July for pickles.)

IMPROVED EARLY WHITE SPINE.—The leading sort grown by truckers for shipment to market. Used almost entirely for slicing. The vine in habit is very vigorous and very prolific. The fruit is of good size, in quality solid, and possesses the habit of retaining its green color for a long period, that is to say, it does not turn yellow so quickly as other varieties. Pkt. 1c; oz. 6c; four ozs. for 20c; lb. 50c.

JAPANESE CLIMBING.—Climbs like a Morning Glory; bears numerous, large, excellent fruit, as good in quality as any other Cucumber when large for slicing and very desirable when young for pickles. Pkt. 1c; oz. 6c; four ozs. 20c; lb. 50c.

EARLY GREEN CLUSTER.—Fine for pickles. Pkt. 1c; oz. 6c; four ozs. 20c; lb. 50c.



IMPROVED LONG GREEN.

Cucumbers set early very near the root and very close together. They grow very smooth and straight. The skin is medium green, perfectly smooth and free from spines. The flesh is white, crisp and tender, with very few seeds. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c; lb. 60c.

IMPROVED LONG GREEN.—Excellent for pickling or slicing. Pkt. 1c; oz. 6c; four ozs. 20c; lb. 50c.

CHICAGO, OR WESTERFIELD PICKLING.—Very popular with Chicago market gardeners, and extensively grown in that vicinity. Fruit medium length, pointed at each end, with very large and prominent spines; color deep green. Pkt. 1c; oz. 6c; four ozs. 20c; lb. 50c.

GIANT PERA.—A very fine Cucumber for table use. Cucumbers set early very near the root and very close together. They grow very smooth and straight. The skin is medium green, perfectly smooth and free from spines. The flesh is white, crisp and tender, with very few seeds. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c; lb. 60c.

CARROT.

Three Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Four Pounds to the Acre. 60 to 70 Days from Germination to Maturity for Table.

ORANGE DANVERS HALF-LONG.—Broad shouldered, cylindrical, admirable in color, fixed in habit, a wonderful producer. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c; lb. 50c.

OX-HEART.—Diameter of a pint measure, not so long, top shaped. Color, orange-red; tender, flavor excellent. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c; lb. 50c.

EGG PLANT.

One Ounce of Seed will produce about 2,000 Plants.

EARLY LONG PURPLE.—Early and very productive. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

IMPROVED NEW YORK PURPLE.—Spineless, large and fine. Pkt. 1c; oz. 20c.

ENDIVE.

Two Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row. Three Pounds to the Acre.

ENDIVE.—Is an excellent autumn and winter salad. Sow seed late in the spring, or even as late as July, in shallow drills, and when plants are strong, thin out to about a foot apart.

MOSS-CURLED.—Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

LETTUCE.

Two Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

Sow in the open ground as early as possible; or, if you have plants from fall sowing, transplant them to a rich soil, giving plenty of room, and hoe well.

If the hot-bed is used let it be started quite early.

Give but little heat and plenty of water and air on fine days.

TENNISBALL (BLACK SEEDED).—An early heading sort of reputation. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c; lb. 80c.

GOLDEN CURLED.—New sort. A golden-leaved sort, producing a half head of rare excellence; leaves much fluted on the edges; very showy and a most admirable cutting sort. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c; lb. 80c.

HANSON (Improved Hard-Heading Stock.) This excellent variety is planted more largely than any other, on account of its reliability for making fine, hard heads, which are large, very solid, green outside, white within, deliciously sweet, crisp and tender. The plant stands the hot sun exceedingly well. The seed we offer is the

hard-heading strain of Hanson. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c; lb. 80c.

NEW YORK.—Of unusual size and solidity of head, with little tendency to seed; is crisp, and blanches itself naturally. The outside color is distinct from any other Lettuce, being clear, deep apple-green, while inside the color is yellowish white. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c; lb. 80c.

EARLY PRIZE HEAD.—A good variety; quite early; forms heads; good flavored and slow to turn to seed. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c; lb. 80c.

LEEK.

One Ounce of Seed to 100 feet of Drill.

Seed generally sown in the spring in a seed bed, and young plants transplanted July 1st.

LARGE AMERICAN FLAG.—Grows to a good size, and is straight and uniform and of the best quality. Pkt. 1c.

MUSK MELONS.

Two Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

EMERALD GEM.—A small, very early Melon; from globular, flattened at the poles, ribbed, smooth, deep emerald green skin. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

TRUE OSAGE, or Miller's Cream.—The most popular Melon on the Western market. More largely grown for the Chicago trade than any other. The shape is pointed oval. Color dark green, slightly netted. Flesh of a rich salmon color, and in quality has no equal. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

GOLDEN NETTED GEM.—Thick-meated; flesh light green in color and uniformly of fine, luscious flavor. The melons weigh from 2 to 5 lbs. Very prolific; extra early. The best variety for the early market, and always brings good prices. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

GRAND RAPIDS.—A new variety, remarkably early for its large size. Flesh very thick, fine grained, and of a rich salmon color. It is rapidly gaining popularity in the west, where it has been sold as high as \$2.50 per dozen to hotels and fancy grocers, while other Melons from the south were unsalable. Its handsome shape and appearance always insure top notch market prices. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

WATER MELONS.

Three Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row.

KOLB'S GEM.—This is the large, handsome Melon commonly seen in our markets. Fruit nearly round, handsomely marked with light and dark green stripes, and is of excellent quality. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

DIXIE.—A cross between the Kolb Gem and old-fashioned Mountain Sweet, surpassing the former in earliness, productiveness and shipping qualities, and fully equaling the latter in quality. It has a remarkably-hard but very thin rind, and will keep longer than any other variety. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

ICE CREAM OR PEERLESS.—A first-class Melon, flesh, sweet and melting. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

ONIONS.

1 Ounce will Sow 100 Feet of Drill; 5 Pounds to an Acre.

PRIZE TAKER.—A mammoth yellow globe—similar to the huge Spanish Onions exhibited at fruit stands in Autumn. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.60.

SILVER SKIN.—An early white, flat Philadelphia variety. Pkt. 1c; oz. 12c; lb. \$1.75.

LARGE YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS.—An oval-shaped straw-colored, long-keeping variety. Superior to the flat Yellow Dutch, which latter, a cheap variety, is often deceptively sold for it. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c; lb. \$1.00.

WETHERSFIELD, LARGE RED, 120 DAYS.—Be not deceived in Wethersfield, there are many types; some selections ripen in August, others in September, others as late as October. We need not say the variation in time makes a difference in price of product. That which we offer is the early form. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c; lb. \$1.

CITRON MELON (for preserves)

Everybody should plant a few Citrons for preserves. Cultivation similar to Water Melons.

GREEN CITRON, FOR PRESERVES.—Round, striped and handsomely marbled. Very hardy and productive. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

PEAS.

One Quart will Plant about 100 Feet of Drill; 1 1-2 Bushels for One Acre.

Varieties marked * are wrinkled.

EXTRA EARLY SCRTS.

* **McLEAN'S LITTLE GEM.**—A dwarf, prolific, green, wrinkled marrow, having all the flavor of late wrinkled Peas. Height, one foot; require no support. Largely grown for canning as well as for market. Pkt. 5c; pt. 18c; qt. 30; peck 85c; bu. \$4.00.

* **AMERICAN WONDER.**—So well and favorably known that it scarcely needs description. *Our Seed is strictly true to name and the choicest strain.* Extra early; requires no bushing; exquisite flavor. Pkt. 5c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; peck \$1.50; bu. \$4.50.

ALASKA.—This beautiful Pea has become

a standard variety and the earliest of all blue Peas, proving to be not only several days earlier than most early sorts, but of a larger size, and ten per cent. more productive. Vines are dwarf, growing only about 20 inches high; maturing the crop for one picking; of excellent quality. Pkt. 5c; pt. 18c; qt. 30c; peck 85c; bu. \$3.75.

LATE SORTS.

BLACK-EYED MARROWFAT.—A favorite variety; grows about 5 feet high. Pkt. 5c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; bu. \$2.75.

LARGE WHITE MARROWFAT.—A favorite sort; grows about 6 feet high. Pkt. 5c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; bu. \$2.75.

* **CHAMPION OF ENGLAND.**—A standard sort; popular in all markets. Productive; high flavor, Seeds wrinkled. 5 feet high. Pkt. 5c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; bu. \$3.00.

* **TELEPHONE.**—A tall wrinkled marrow, very productive and of the best quality, with long pods containing 7 to 10 very fine flavored Peas. Height, about 4 feet. Pkt. 5c; pt. 20c; qt. 35c; bu. \$4.50.

PARSNIP.

3 Ounces of Seed to 100 Yards of Row; 8 Lbs. to the Acre.

LONG SMOOTH OR HOLLOW CROWN.—One of the oldest and best varieties in cultivation; white, tender and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

IMPROVED GUERNSEY.—The roots are smooth, thick, not so long as some varieties, and easier to gather. The flesh is fine-grained and of most excellent flavor. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

PARSLEY.

1 Ounce of Seed will sow 150 feet of Row.

CHAMPION MOSS CURLED.—The handsomest and finest curled and fringed variety. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

PEPPERS.

One ounce will produce 1,000 Plants. Seed should be sown early in hot beds.

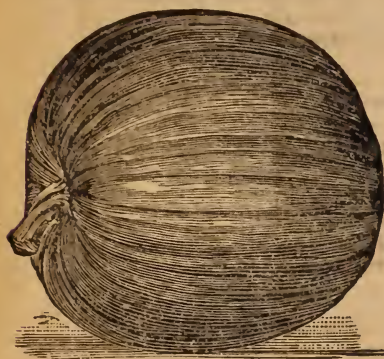
GOLDEN DAWN.—The best and largest yellow variety. The Peppers, when ripe, are of a beautiful golden yellow, of fine shape, and of a sweet, pleasant flavor. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

CAYENNE.—Best for seasoning pickles. *Enormously productive.* The Peppers are long and slim, bright red when ripe, and of sharp, pungent flavor. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

RUBY KING.—A magnificent large, red Pepper; in shape like the Golden Dawn. The vines are vigorous and very productive; the fruit sweet, remarkably mild and of excellent quality. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

PUMPKIN.

One Ounce of Seed will plant about 25 hills.



KING OF THE MAMMOTH.

MAMMOTH POTIRON.—(also called *King of Mammoths* and *Jumbo Pumpkins*)—The largest Pumpkin grown, often weighing 200lbs. Salmon-colored skin; flesh thick and of good quality. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c.

QUAKER PIE PUMPKIN.—A distinct variety, grown for many years by a family of Quakers or Friends. The shape is nearly oval, tapering slightly toward the ends. Color, creamy white, both inside and out; flesh sweet and rich, and an excellent keeper. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

RADISH.

Six ounces of Seed will Plant 100 Yards of Row; 8 Pounds to the Acre.

EARLIEST SORTS.

Seventeen to Twenty-five Days from Germination to Edible Condition, according to season.



EARLY ROSY GEM RADISH.

FRENCH BREAKFAST.—A variety of quick growth, Very mild and tender; one of the best for forcing; oval form, scarlet, tipped with white. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

EARLY LONG SCARLET SHORT-TOP.—An admirable sort for forcing; quick growing outdoor variety. Average length is about 8 inches; grows half out of the ground, straight, uniform in color, brittle and crisp. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

LATE SORTS.

Thirty-five to Fifty Days, according to variety.

GOLDEN GLOBE.—(FINE FOR SUMMER.)—The best Summer Radish. Shape globularly color amber, flavor mild, keeping long in eating condition. Twenty-five days to maturity. Pkt. 1c; oz. 6c.

CHARTIER, OR LONG ROSE.—(SECOND EARLY.)—In color the greater length of the root is scarlet and pink, while the point and bottom portions are white. Pkt. 1c; oz. 6c.

EARLY SCARLET OLIVE-SHAPED.—A fine Radish: early, olive shaped. Pkt. 1c; oz. 6c

WINTER SORTS.

Fifty to Seventy-five Days, according to variety.

The following varieties should be sown in August or September, for use during the winter:

CALIFORNIA MAMMOTH WHITE.—It grows to a large size; flesh solid and of good flavor. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

LONG BLACK SPANISH.—One of the largest, as well as the hardiest of Radishes. Roots oblong, black, of a very large size and firm texture. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

INTERMEDIATE SORTS.

Twenty-five to Thirty-five Days, according to variety.

EARLY ROSY GEM.—Root a deep scarlet, blending into pure white at the bottom; exceeding tender, never becoming hollow or pithy. Pkt. 1c; oz. 6c.

RHUBARB.

Four Ounces of Seed will sow 100 Yards; ten pounds to the Acre.

WESTERN MARKET.—Finest variety, very productive. Fine large size and very early. Has a flavor similar to the gooseberry. This is without doubt the finest variety in existence. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

SALSIFY, or Oyster Plant.

Edible Ninety Days after Planting.

SANDWICH ISLAND.—A variety superior to the French sort, producing smoother, larger and more vigorous roots, foliage stronger and altogether a sort destined to supersede the old form. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c.

SQUASH.

Three Ounces of Seed will sow 100 yards; three pounds to the acre.

EARLY WHITE BUSH.—The "Cymling" of the Southern States, maturing fruit for table fifty days from germination. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c.

IMPROVED HUBBARD.—A prime winter sort. Of large size, often weighing from 9 to 10 pounds. Flesh bright orange, very dry, sweet and rich flavored. It keeps perfectly throughout the winter, much longer than the marrows, and has long been one of the most popular varieties in cultivation. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c.

GIANT SUMMER CROCKNECK.—This variety matures fully as early as the common Crockneck, while the Squashes grow to a much larger size, usually measuring from 18 to 24 inches in length; of the finest quality. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c.

MAMMOTH CHILL.—The largest of all Squashes, often weighing 200 pounds without losing its fine shape and good quality. Largely grown for exhibition purposes. The flesh is very thick, of a bright orange color; and keeps well through the winter; is very productive, and will be found very profitable for stock feeding. Our Seed has been selected from the largest and most perfect specimens, and has proved capable of producing weights of this variety that cannot be outgrown from any other strain. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c.

MARBLEHEAD.—Fruit light green, smooth and of medium size. Flesh thick, yellow, and cooks dry, and is of the finest quality. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c.

SUNFLOWER.

RUSSIAN.—Producing a very large head, generally one to each stalk. The Seed is valuable for chicken feed. Pkt. 1c; oz. 3c; lb. 25c.

SAGE.

(*Salvia officinalis*).—A hardy perennial possessing some medical properties, but cultivated principally for use as a condiment; it being used more extensively than any other herb for flavoring and dressing. Sow early in spring (four to five pounds per acre in drills) on very rich ground, cultivate often and thin the plants to sixteen

inches apart. Cut the leaves and tender shoots just as the plant is coming into flower, and dry quickly in the shade. The plants will survive the winter, and may be divided. If this is done they will give a second crop superior in quality. Pkt. 1c; oz. 10c.

SPINACH.

Sow 1 Ounce to 50 feet of Drill; 12 Pounds per acre.

SAVOY LEAVED.—The earliest variety and one of the best to plant in autumn for early spring use. Plant of upright, growth, with narrow, pointed leaves which are savoyed like those of Cabbage. It grows quickly to a suitable size for use but soon runs to seed. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c.

TURNIPS.

One Ounce of Seed will sow 150 feet of Row.

PURPLE-TOP STRAP-LEAF.—The favorite variety for summer and autumn use. Turnips flat, clear white, with purple top. We have a fine strain. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c; lb. 45c.

WHITE FLAT DUTCH.—Very early; pure white and of the best quality. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c; lb. 45c.

RUTABAGAS, OR SWEDES.—(*Culture*).—The Rutabaga, Swedish or Russian Turnip, is extensively grown for a farm crop; the roots are close-grained, very hard, and will endure a considerable degree of cold. They are best preserved in a pit or cellar during the winter, and are excellent for the table early in spring. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c; lb. 45c.

WHITE SWEDE, OR SWEET RUSSIAN TURNIP.—This variety is an excellent keeper and very desirable either for the table or stock. It grows to a very large size; flesh white, solid, of firm texture, sweet and rich. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c; lb. 45c.

MONARCH, OR TANKARD RUTABAGA.—This is a yellow fleshed sort, having very large tankard shaped roots, with relatively small necks and tops. Color purplish-crimson above ground, yellow below; flesh very solid, fine grained and of the best flavor. This very popular variety is also sold as Hurst's Monarch, and Carter's Elephant. Pkt. 1c; oz. 5c; lb. 45c.

TOMATOES.

1 Ounce of Seed will produce about 2,000 Plants.

PONDEROSA.—Large and solid, but with some misshapen fruits and a tendency to show green about the stem when ripening; the largest variety we know. Pkt. 1c; oz. 25c.

MIKADO, OR TURNER'S HYBRID.—Remarkable for its size and the solidity of its

fruit. The shape is round and even; color bright red; skin smooth and thin, but very tough. The flavor is unsurpassed. Pkt. 1c; oz. 15c.

ACME.—Of medium size, perfectly smooth, regular and very solid; color dark red. Pkt. 1c; oz. 15c.

LIVINGSTON'S BEAUTY.—Glossy crimson, with a purple tinge. It grows in clusters of 4 and 5, retaining its large size late in the season. Pkt. 1c; oz. 15c.

DWARF CHAMPION.—This variety is dwarf and compact in habit of growth; it stands

up well, even when loaded with fruit; very early; as a heavy cropper it is unsurpassed; always smooth and attractive; skin tough; flesh solid. Pkt. 1c; oz. 15c.

TOBACCO.

One Ounce will produce 5,000 Plants.

CONNECTICUT SEED LEAF.—Best adapted to the climate of the Middle and Northern States, as it is more hardy and endures the cold better than the tender varieties grown South. In many of the Northern States and in Canada, this variety is the staple crop. Pkt. 1c; oz. 20c.

SELECT LIST OF FLOWER SEED.

We have only listed a few of the leading varieties, and have taken great pains to have our mixed packages contain the very greatest range of colors of all the leading varieties. We ask you to try them. (*Please note price per pkt.*)

ASTERS.

Seeds should be sown early in spring under glass in a seed bed in the open border. We prefer to sow in a cold frame, and after the plants are an inch high to transplant them in the frame, and afterwards in open ground where they are to remain. In this way, strong, healthy plants with plenty of roots can be obtained, and if set in rich soil in the garden will make a most satisfactory growth. They can also be sown in the open ground after danger is over from frost.

A Grand mixture containing all the leading kinds and colors making a grand show of asters which cannot be duplicated. It contains a mixture of the Dwarf Chrysanthemum, New White Branching, Semple's Branching Mixture, Dwarf Peony Perfection and German Mixed. Price per pkt. 1c.

ALYSSUM.

These flower profusely throughout the season, thriving in flower garden, window boxes, vases, etc.; also well adapted for ribbon lines and edging; very fragrant annual.

Sweet (Maritimum). Flowers white, hardy. Pkt. 1c.

Benthami compactum. Dwarf, white fragrant. Pkt. 1c.

BALSAMS.

These charming flowers can easily be grown in the open-ground, and will flower abundantly. To get the best results the plants should be thinned out to a foot apart.

IMPROVED DOUBLE CAMELIA-FLOWERED BALSAMS.

These are the finest Balsams in existence.

The flowers are *very large and perfectly double*, and grow so thickly on the stems that the plant presents a mass of bloom from top to bottom. Our seed is of the very finest strain, producing flowers of the best form and most beautiful colors. Mixed colors. Pkt. 1c.

NEW DOUBLE BACHELOR'S BUTTON.

Bachelor's Button or "Corn Flower," has always been a favorite flower; but now that we have this new double variety it should be doubly so. The plants are as vigorous and hardy as the old variety and produce double and semi-double flowers in the greatest profusion through the summer and late in the fall even after hard frost. Our seed is a mixture of the best colors. Pkt. 1c.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

A handsome, hardy annual of vigorous growth, clean foliage and beautiful flowers. A free bloomer, and continuing in flower very late in the autumn. Cultivation similar to Asters. These annual varieties must not, however, be confounded with the perennial kinds so largely grown by florists. This is a mixture of Coron, tri-colors, Bennett's Mixture, thus making a grand show. Pkt. 1c.

CANDYTUFT.

Candytuft is a very hardy plant, and can be sown as soon as the frost is out of the ground. It is a universal favorite, and is used for beds, borders, edging, pots, etc.

MIXED COLORS.—A mixture of the best kinds and colors. Pkt. 1c.

DAHLIAS.

Dahlias, especially the single varieties, can easily be raised from seed by sowing the seed in a box or pot in February or March and transplant into other pots as the plants commence to crowd. Set in the open ground when warm and support with stakes. The plants will flower the first year, and the roots can be saved and will flower much earlier the second year. A mixture of the best double and single varieties; fine. Pkt. 1c.

GOURDS.

Rapid growing ornamental climbers with odd shaped and often highly colored fruits.

FINEST MIXED.—Combining in the largest mixture the most curious, interesting and useful of the entire Gourd family. Forms may be varied by tying strings around the young fruit or by enclosing the same in a carved mould while growing, thus stamping on its surface any desired figures or letters that may be carved on the mould. Start seed early and transplant. Give them a sunny place and plenty of water. Pkt. 1c.

ZINNIA.

The Zinnia is admirably adapted to our climate. It is remarkably healthy and vigorous, easily grown and flowers abundantly. It has been vastly improved. Many of the flowers are as large and double as a Dahlia, and of beautiful colors. Sow early in the spring in rows 15 or 20 inches apart and thin out the plants before they begin to crowd. Finest mixed. Pkt. 1c.

HOLLYHOCK.

The Hollyhock in its present state of perfection is very unlike its parent of olden times. It now ranks with the Dahlia, Aster, Camellia, etc., being exceedingly rich and varied in color and as double as a Rose. Plants easily grown from seed. Finest double and single mixed, from selected flowers. Pkt. 1c.

MIGNONETTE.

Reseda.

Mignonette is the French word for "little darling." No more expressive word could

well be found for the sweet, homely flower that by its merits alone has won its way as the favorite of all, though hundreds of showier flowers were its rivals. No garden is complete without its plot of Mignonette; no nosegay finished without its sprig of this sweet-smelling flower. We pride ourselves on our choice strains of this favorite flower, and believe no finer seed can be procured anywhere. Sow early in the ground for summer blooming, and in pots any time for the window. Hardy annual; one foot high. A fine mixture, including all the leading varieties. Pkt. 1c.

MORNING GLORY.

(Convolvulus Major.)

A handsome, showy climber of easy culture, and suitable for covering arbors, windows, trellises, old stumps, etc. It is so perfectly hardy as to grow in almost any soil. Hardy annual; ten feet high. One of the best mixtures made, containing all the leading colors in the tall, dwarf and double varieties. Pkt. 1c.

MARIGOLD.

Wherever a rich display of bloom is desired, the Marigold is almost indispensable. The African varieties are tall, growing usually two feet or more, while the French are more dwarf. All are desirable. Hardy annuals, in bloom until frost comes. A grand mixture of both the African and French varieties. Pkt. 1c.

NASTURTIUMS DWARF OR

TOM THUMB. 2.

Of recent years remarkable improvements have been made in Dwarf or Tom Thumb Nasturtiums, so that now we have a class of plants unrivalled in beauty and effect for bedding and cut flower purposes. A superior mixture, containing all the new and fancy colors and markings. Pkt. 1c.

DIANTHUS (Chinese Pink.)

Comprises all the most beautiful varieties of rich and varied colors; they bloom continually all summer and fall until killed by frost. They live unprotected all winter, and bloom freely the next season. Plants grow from 10 to 15 inches high. This collection contains a fine mixture of all the leading sorts. Pkt. 1c.

POPPIES.

Great advance has been made in recent years in the development of the Poppy, which has brought it into deserved popularity, and it may be safely said that no other flower produces a more brilliant dis-

play of colors during the blooming period. An elegant mixture of standard and novelty varieties. Pkt. 1c.

PHLOX.

Very hardy annuals, thriving in almost any situation. One of the very best of all bedding annuals is the Phlox Drummondii. The various varieties of this flower surpass almost everything else in the dazzling brilliancy of color, profuseness of blooms and length of duration in bloom. The newer sorts of Phlox are so far ahead of the older varieties that we have discarded all of the latter, and offer none but those beautiful new ones of recent introduction. The Phloxes make beautiful ribbon beds when different colors are sown side by side, and are also grand for masses either of solid or mixed colors. For cutting for bouquets they are unsurpassed. A great mixture of fancy colors. Pkt. 1c.

PETUNIAS.

Petunias are particularly useful for beds and masses, where their bright, rich and varied colorings produce a brilliant effect on lawns and gardens. A mixture of the most brilliant colored single fringed, double fringed and Grandiflora varieties. Pkt. 1c.

PANSY.

These lovely flowers are favorites with all, not only for the brilliancy and variety of their colors, but for the durability of their bloom.

GRAND MIXED.—This mixture is specially prepared for the most critical Pansy lover and florist, who require the greatest variety of colors, as well as flowers of the very largest size. Pkt. 1c.

SWEET WILLIAM.

The Sweet William is a very old and popular flower, and one of the most admired of our garden flowers, showing richness and variety of color and deliciously sweet scented. Perfection, finest strain, mixed. Pkt. 1c.

BEST MIXED—NEW SWEET PEAS.

This new mixture of Sweet Peas is UNDOUBTEDLY THE FINEST EVER OFFERED. Our own special mixture, it contains only grand new-named varieties of the large flowering type. The seed has been carefully grown from selected stocks, and mixed by ourselves. As an example of the high quality, we have aimed to make this mixture, we need only state that it comprises Blanche Burpee, Aurora, Maid of Honor, New Countess, Brilliant, as well as Eck-

ford's latest novelties, Countess of Aberdeen, Crown Jewel, and Mikado; also, Ramona, Blanche Ferry, Emily Henderson, America, Apple Blossom, Emily Eckford, Gayety, Her Majesty, Lemon Queen, Meteor and Daybreak. The above varieties, in equal mixture we are proud to say, forms the choicest mixture of Sweet Peas ever offered by any American seedsmen. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c; lb. 60c.

EMILY HENDERSON.—A distinct and valuable new white. Pkt 1c; oz 10c.

BOREATTON.—Splendid, deep, dark maroon blossom. One of the most distinct varieties, with large flowers. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c.

CAPTAIN OF THE BLUES.—The bluest of Sweet Peas. Standard large, broad, bright purple-blue; wings expanded, lighter and brighter blue than standard. Pkt. 1c; oz. 8c.

VERBENAS.

Like the Pansy, the Aster and the Petunia, the Verbena is a favorite with everybody, and one of the most universally popular of all flowers, both for the garden and for pot culture. For constant and profuse flowering, and for brilliancy and beauty of colors it has few equals. Start seed early under glass, if possible, that good strong plants may be had for transplanting to the garden. They will commence blooming in June and continue until after severe frosts, and during this entire time nothing in the garden will attract more attention than the bed or clump of Verbenas. In August cuttings may be taken from some of the best ones and potted up for winter blooming. The finest mixture ever offered; all the best sorts and richest colors. Pkt. 1c.





A Guaranteed Remedy

FOR THE DESTRUCTION OF

Potato and Rose Bugs

and all Lice or Worms on Melons, Egg, Cucumber, Cotton,
Tobacco, and all Cabbage Plants, and all Shrubs
and Flowering Plants.

SLUG SHOT



is a fine powder and should be dusted upon the plants when the dew is on. *For Potato Bugs, it has no equal*

TRIAL PACKAGE, 1c,

at purchasers expense by express or freight per lb. 8c.; per 5lb. bag, 30c;
by the barrel, 5c per lb.